NSW Department of Education School Behaviour Support and Management Plan Samuel Terry Public School



Overview

Samuel Terry Public School is committed to explicitly teaching and modelling positive behaviour and to supporting all students to be engaged with their learning through a multi-tiered approach.

Our goal is to inspire every child to participate positively in the school community and beyond. We focus on promoting excellence, opportunity and success for every student, every day. We value and strive to develop safe, respectful learners in a caring learning community.

Principles of positive behaviour support, trauma-informed practice, inclusive practice, and social - emotional learning underpin our daily practice. High expectations for student behaviour are established and maintained through effective role modelling, explicit teaching, and planned responses.

To achieve our mission, key programs are prioritised and valued including:

- Berry Street Education Model
- Routines that Drive Learning
- Attendance Matters Nurture a positive attendance culture.
- Grow Your Mind

These programs prioritise social and emotional learning which supports good mental health, positive relationships and prevention of bullying.

Samuel Terry Public School rejects all forms of bullying behaviours, including online (or cyber) bullying by maintaining a commitment to providing a safe, inclusive, and respectful learning community that promotes student wellbeing. Staff are committed to establishing evidence-based approaches and strategies that promote a positive climate where bullying is less likely to occur.

All members of the school community are active participants in building a welcoming school culture that values diversity and fosters positive relationships. A key component of a supportive school culture is building respectful relationships and an ethos that bullying is not accepted, in both online and offline environments. School staff actively respond to student bullying behaviour.

Partnership with parents and carers

Samuel Terry Public School will partner with parents/carers in establishing expectations for engagement in developing and implementing student behaviour management and antibullying strategies, by:

- inviting parent/carer and student feedback through formal and informal means, such as Tell Them From Me surveys, school surveys, consulting with the P & C and local AECG
- using concerns raised through complaints procedures to review school systems, data and practices.

Samuel Terry Public School will communicate these expectations to parents/carers through the school newsletter and school website. Our school proactively builds collaborative relationships with families and communities to create a shared understanding of how to support student learning, safety and wellbeing. By building strong relationships with parents and carers, we enable open and clear communication via email, phone calls, Parent Portal messages, newsletter items, face-to-face

discussions and school events. We welcome partnerships to promote students learning, engagement and behaviour. We develop professional relationships based on transparency, honesty and mutual respect. The Learning and Support team, school counsellor and senior executive assist families to engage with external support services to meet student and family needs.

School-wide expectations and rules

Safe	Responsible	Respectful
Keep hands and feet to ourselves	Follow instructions	Use friendly talk
Wear a hat	Tell the truth	Care for others
Stay in the correct areas	Play fair and share	Be a good sport

Behaviour Code for Students

NSW public schools are committed to providing safe, supportive and responsive learning environments for everyone. We teach and model the behaviours we value in our students. The Behaviour Code for Students can be found at https://education.nsw.gov.au/policy-library/policyprocedures/pd-2006-0316/pd-2006-0316-01. This document translated into multiple languages is available here: Behaviour code for students.

NSW Department of Education

Behaviour code for students

Information for students and parents or carers

NSW public schools are committed to providing safe, supportive, and responsive learning environments for everyone across a range of settings. We teach and model the inclusive and safe behaviours we value in our students.

In NSW public schools students are expected, to the best of their ability, to:

- show respect to other students, their teachers and school staff and community members
- follow school and class rules and follow the directions of their teachers
- · strive for the highest standards in learning
- act in a courteous and respectful way that makes all members of the school community feel valued, included and supported
- · resolve conflict respectfully, calmly and fairly
- meet the school's agreed uniform policy or dress code
- attend school every day (unless legally excused)
- respect all property
- be safe and not be violent or bring weapons, illegal drugs, alcohol, vapes, e-cigarettes or tobacco into our schools
- not bully, harass, intimidate, or discriminate against anyone in our schools.

Schools take action in response to behaviour that is detrimental to self or others or to the achievement of high-quality teaching and learning.

All students have a right to:

- safety at school
- · access and fully participate in their learning
- be treated with respect by other students, teachers and school staff
- express their views, set goals and self-advocate.

The principal and school staff, using their professional judgment, are best placed to maintain discipline and provide safe, supportive and responsive learning environments and apply an appropriate action when students are not meeting these expectations.

The department is responsible for the provision of a policy framework and resources such as legal issues bulletins, access to specialist advice, and professional learning to guide principals and their staff in exercising their professional judgment.

In this context, the NSW Government and the Department of Education will back the authority and judgment of principals and school staff at the local level.

Behaviour code for students: Student actions

Promoting the inclusion, learning, wellbeing, and safety of all students in NSW public schools is a high priority for the Department of Education.

We implement teaching and learning approaches across a range of settings to support the development of skills needed by students to meet our high standards for respectful, safe and engaged behaviour.

To meet the expectations set out above, students in NSW public schools, to the best of their ability, should adhere to the following principles.

Respect

- Treat one another with dignity.
- Communicate and behave courteously
- Act and work cooperatively with other students, teachers, and school staff.
- Develop positive and respectful relationships.
- Value the interests, ability and culture of others.
- Respect the learning needs of other students.
- Dress appropriately by wearing the agreed school uniform or dress code.
- Take care with school property and the property of staff and other students.

Safety

- Model and follow school and class rules and expectations around behaviour and conduct.
- Negotiate and resolve conflict.
- Be aware of and take responsibility for how their behaviour and actions impact others.
- Care for self and others.
- Be safe and help others to make safe choices that do not hurt themselves or others.

Engagement

- · Arrive at school and class on time.
- · Be prepared for every lesson.
- · Actively participate in learning
- Aspire and strive to achieve the highest standards of learning.

Telephone interpreter service

If you would like more information please call the school principal. If you need an interpreter to assist with your enquiry, please call the Telephone Interpreter Service on 131 450 and ask for an interpreter in your language.

Tell the operator the phone number you want to call and the operator will get an interpreter on the line to assist you with the conversation. You will not be charged for this service.



Whole school approach across the care continuum

Samuel Terry Public School uses the following strategies and systems to explicitly teach, recognise and reinforce positive student behaviour and behavioural expectations: Berry Street Education Model, Positive Behaviour for Learning, Routines that Drive Learning, Awards, clear and consistent language and expectations, and learning support processes and structures

Universal Prevention	Early Intervention initial responses	Targeted Intervention targeted	Intensive Individual Intervention
Whole school practises to maintain	to work with emerging low-level	support to encourage positive	comprehensive systems of support
safe and respectful learning	behaviours	behaviours in response to complex	for highly complex and challenging
environments		and challenging behaviours	behaviours
Routines that Drive Learning	Peaceful Kids	Social skills program-Skills	Wellbeing Teacher
Routines to drive learning provides	Small group intervention to support	Streaming	Wellbeing teacher provides support
powerful opportunities for	and increase the coping strategies	Skillstreaming employs a four-part	to targeted students through
connection, engagement and	of students who are feeling anxious,	training approach — modelling , role-	'check-in, check-out' and support
development. Through explicit	stressed or who have poor resilience	playing, performance feedback,	students and teachers in
teaching, students learn new skills	in a small group environment at	and generalization — to teach	individualised
in safe and familiar settings.	school.	essential prosocial skills to children	social/emotional/behaviour support.
Routines are planned for and	Audience: Individual/grade/groups	and adolescents. Each book	Audience: Wellbeing teacher, LST,
understood as important learning	students K-6	provides a complete description of	individual students, executive team
opportunities and are an integral		the Skillstreaming program, with	
part of effective educational	Routines that Drive Learning	instructions for teaching a wide	Individual behaviour support
programs.	Routines to drive learning provides	variety of prosocial skills.	planning
Audience: All	powerful opportunities for	Audience: -SLSO's, LST, students,	This may include developing,
	connection, engagement and	LaST	implementing, monitoring and
Reward System	development. Through explicit		reviewing: behaviour support,
School award system including	teaching, students learn new skills	Learning and Support	behaviour response and risk
merit awards, principal awards and	in safe and familiar settings.	The LST works with teachers,	management plans.
gold awards.	Routines are planned for and	students and families to support	Audience: Individual students,
Audience: All	understood as important learning	students who require personalised	parent/carer, LAST, AP
	opportunities and are an integral	learning and support.	
Healthy Harold-CyberWise	part of effective educational	Audience: All	Attendance support
Cyber safety: Safe and respectful	programs.		The LST refer students to the

Peaceful Kids

Small group intervention to support

and increase the coping strategies

Audience: All

Police Youth Liaison Officer

behaviour when using

Audience: Students K-6

communication technology

attendance co-ordinator who will

convene a planning meeting with

students, families and teachers to

Police Youth Liaison Officer

Provide education for cyber-bullying and cyber-safety.

Audience: Stage 3 students

Child Protection

Teaching child protection education is a mandatory part of the syllabus. **Audience: Students K-6**

Australian eSafety Commissioner Toolkit for Schools to prevent and respond to cyberbullying

The toolkit resources are categorised into four elements: Prepare, Engage, Educate and Respond. The resources are used to engage with the school community about creating and maintaining safe online environments to prevent cyberbullying incidents. The toolkit includes actions to report and manage cyberbullying incidents.

Audience: All

Attendance Matters

Regular monitoring of attendance data for cohorts and individual students to reduce barriers faced by students. Whole-school attendance processes and Provide education for cyber-bullying and cyber-safety.

Audience: Stage 3 students

Australian eSafety Commissioner Toolkit for Schools to prevent and respond to cyberbullying

The toolkit resources are categorised into four elements: Prepare, Engage, Educate and Respond. The resources are used to engage with the school community about creating and maintaining safe online environments to prevent cyberbullying incidents. The toolkit includes actions to report and manage cyberbullying incidents.

Audience: All

Learning and Support

The LST works with teachers, students and families to support students who require personalised learning and support.

Audience: All

Grow Your Mind

A program that is recognised in the areas of Resilience, Consent Education and Respectful Relationships. It focuses on teaching participants how to

of students who are feeling anxious, stressed or who have poor resilience in a small group environment at school.

Audience: Individual/grade/groups students K-6

Australian eSafety Commissioner Toolkit for Schools to prevent and respond to cyberbullying

The toolkit resources are categorised into four elements: Prepare, Engage, Educate and Respond. The resources are used to engage with the school community about creating and maintaining safe online environments to prevent cyberbullying incidents. The toolkit includes actions to report and manage cyberbullying incidents.

Audience: All

address barriers to improved attendance and set growth goals. **Audience:** Individual students, attendance co-ordinators.

Australian eSafety Commissioner Toolkit for Schools to prevent and respond to cyberbullying

The toolkit resources are categorised into four elements: Prepare, Engage, Educate and Respond. The resources are used to engage with the school community about creating and maintaining safe online environments to prevent cyberbullying incidents. The toolkit includes actions to report and manage cyberbullying incidents.

Audience: All Learning and Support

The LST works with teachers, students and families to support students who require personalised learning and support.

Audience: All

procedure for staff, community and	develop better coping strategies for	
students that support regular	stress, build emotional intelligence,	
attendance for students.	and practice mindfulness.	
Audience: All	Audience: K-2 Students	
Grow Your Mind		
A program that is recognised in the		
areas of Resilience, Consent		
Education and Respectful		
Relationships. It focuses on		
teaching participants how to		
develop better coping strategies for		
stress, build emotional intelligence,		
and practice mindfulness.		
Audience: K-2 Students		

Planned responses to positive appropriate behaviour, inappropriate behaviour and behaviours of concern, including bullying and cyber-bullying

Planned responses to behaviour that does not meet school expectations are either teacher or executive managed. Staff use their professional judgement in deciding whether a behaviour is teacher managed or executive managed. They should consider whether the behaviour poses a risk to the safety or wellbeing of the student or others.

A behaviour of concern is challenging, complex or unsafe behaviour that requires more persistent and intensive interventions. A behaviour of concern does not include low-level inappropriate or developmentally appropriate behaviour. See Appendix 1.

- **Teacher managed** low level inappropriate behaviour is managed by teachers in the classroom and the playground.
- Executive managed behaviour of concern is managed by school executive.

Corrective responses are recorded on Behaviour / wellbeing system. These include:

Classroom	Non-classroom setting
Proximity	Proximity
rule reminder	rule reminder
re-direct	• re-direct
offer choice	offer choice
error correction	error correction
• prompts	• prompts
reteach	reteach
seat change	play or playground re-direction
stay in at break to discuss/ complete work	walk with teacher
conference	detention, reflection and restorative
 detention, reflection and restorative practices 	practicescommunication with parent/carer.
communication with parent/carer.	

Samuel Terry Public School staff model, explicitly teach, recognise and reinforce positive student behaviour and behavioural expectations. Berry Street Education Model, Grow your Mind, and Routines that Drive Learning consist of evidence-based strategies used daily by teachers to teach self-regulation, reduce impulsivity, increase focus and strengthen peer networks.

We acknowledge that not all students are encouraged by the same thing or in the same ways. Younger students may be more motivated by adult attention while older students are typically more motivated by peer attention, activities, privileges, or freedom. When learning new skills, students need immediate and frequent reinforcement and as they develop mastery they respond to intermittent and long-term reinforcement to maintain their social behavioural efforts.

The use of verbal and non-verbal specific positive feedback is the most powerful way to:

- help adults and learners to focus on positive social behaviour
- increase the likelihood that students will use the expected behaviours and skills in the future

- decrease unexpected behaviour and reduce the need for corrective responses
- enhance self-esteem and build an internal focus of control.

Prevention Responses to recognise and reinforce positive, inclusive and safe behaviour	Early Intervention Responses to minor inappropriate behaviour	Targeted/Individualised Responses to behaviours of concern
Behaviour expectations are taught and referred to regularly. Teachers model behaviours and provide opportunities for practice. Students are acknowledged for meeting school-wide expectations and rules.	1. Refer to school-wide expectations and/or emotional regulation visuals and/or supports so that the student can self-regulate.	1. Contact office to seek help from executive straight away if there is a risk. Otherwise notify student's stage supervisor or executive ASAP and before the end of the school day.
2. Verbal and non-verbal specific positive feedback is paired with a positive, tangible reinforcer in a school-wide continuum for acknowledging expected behaviour.	2. Use indirect responses including proximity, signals, non-verbal cues, ignore, attend, praise, redirect with specific corrective feedback.	2. Executive/CT to take immediate steps to restore safety and return the situation to calm by using appropriate strategies such as: redirecting to another area or activity, providing reassurance or offering choices. Incident review and planning is scheduled for a later time, determined by the context and nature of the incident.
3. Tangible reinforcers include those that are: free and frequent moderate and intermittent significant and infrequent Intermittent and infrequent reinforcers are recorded on Behaviour / wellbeing ITD system.	3. Use direct responses e.g. rule reminder, re-teach, provide choice, scripted interventions, student conference. Students have an opportunity to meet the classroom/playground behaviour expectation before low-level consequence is applied.	3. Executive collects information and reviews the incident from multiple perspectives to determine next steps. Executive to record incident on Behaviour / wellbeing system and contact parent/carer by email or phone. Executive/principal may consider further action e.g., formal caution or suspension.
4. Social emotional learning lessons are taught (PAX GBG and Positive Living Skills) weekly.	4. Teacher records on Behaviour / wellbeing system by the end of the school day. Monitor and inform family if repeated. For some incidents, referral is made to the school's anti-racism contact officer (ARCO) or anti-bullying coordinator.	4. Refer to the school's Learning and Support Team considering current and previous behaviour data. Other actions may include completing a risk assessment and/or collaboratively developing a behaviour support/response plan.
Teacher/parent contact	Teacher/parent contact	Teacher/parent contact
Teacher contact through the parent portal or phone calls home are used to communicate student effort to meet expectations. Recognition awards for positive individual and class behaviour are given at school assemblies.	Teacher contacts parents by phone or parent portal when a range of corrective responses have not been successful to arrange a meeting. Individual planning and referral to Learning Support Team may be discussed.	Parent/carer contact is made by school executive to discuss any support and behaviour responses, including referral to the LST, school counsellor, outside agencies or Team Around a School.

Responses to serious behaviours of concern

Responses for serious behaviours of concern, including students who display bullying behaviour, are recorded on Behaviour / wellbeing system. These may include:

- review and document incident
- determine appropriate response/s, including supports for staff or other students impacted
- refer/monitor the student through the school learning and support team
- develop or review individual student support planning, including teaching positive replacement behaviour and making learning and environmental adjustments
- detention, reflection and restorative practices (listed below)
- liaise with Team Around a School for additional support or advice
- communication and collaboration with parents/carers (phone, email, parent portal, meeting)
- formal caution to suspend, suspension or expulsion.

The NSW Department of Education <u>Student Behaviour policy</u> and <u>Suspension and Expulsion</u> <u>Procedures</u> apply to all NSW public schools.

Responses to all behaviours of concern apply to student behaviour that occurs:

- at school
- on the way to and from school
- on school-endorsed activities that are off-site
- outside school hours and off school premises where there is a clear and close connection between the school and students' conduct
- when using social media, mobile devices and/or other technology involving another student or staff member.

Students or parents can report bullying to any staff member. NSW public school principals have the authority to take disciplinary action to address student behaviours that occur outside of school hours or school grounds, including cyberbullying. Students who have been bullied will be offered appropriate support, for example through the school counselling service.

• The NSW Department of Education <u>Student Behaviour policy</u> and <u>Suspension and Expulsion</u> procedures apply to all NSW public schools.

Reporting and recording behaviours of concern

Staff will comply with reporting and responding processes outlined in the:

- Incident Notification and Response Policy
- Incident Notification and Response Procedures
- Student Behaviour policy and Suspension and Expulsion procedures.

Students and/or parents/carers can report cyberbullying to the <u>eSafety Commissioner</u> and reporting links for most sites, games and apps can be found at the eSafety Guide.

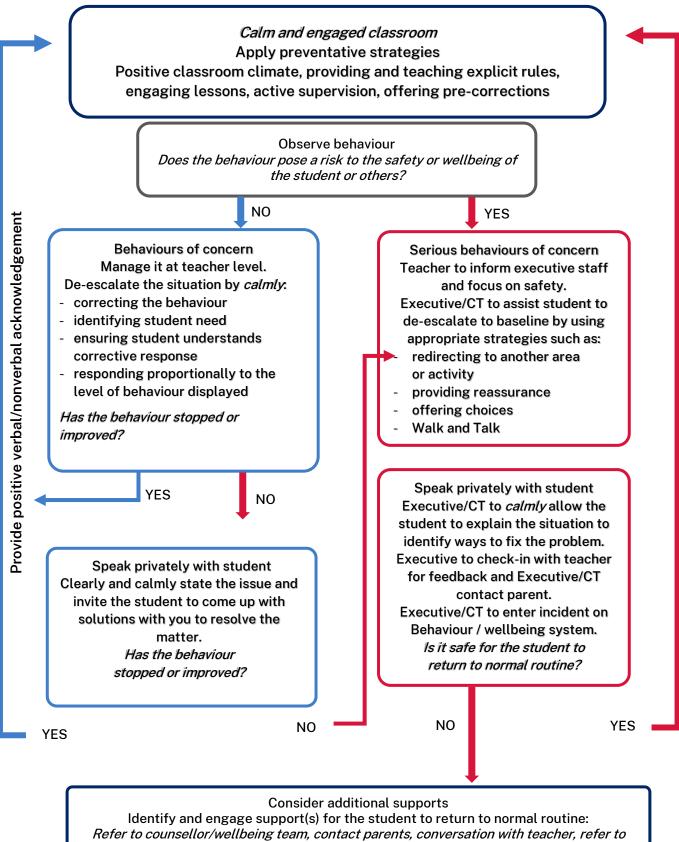
Strategy	When and how long?	Who coordinates?	How are these recorded?	
Self-directed timeout/calm down Allowing students to remove themselves from a situation or environment causing stress. It is a planned informal behaviour support strategy that may be used as part of a behaviour support response and documented as an agreed strategy.	As required K-2 = 5 mins 3-6 = up to 10 mins	Student/teacher (may require teacher prompt)	Teacher notes in their diary unless there is an escalation or repeated (impacting learning time) and then documented on wellbeing system	
Teacher-directed timeout/calm down This may be used to prevent an escalation of behaviour and support the teaching of appropriate behaviour and skills such as self-regulation. This occurs when a student is directed away from an educational activity or setting when they engage in behaviours of concern to stop those behaviours from being reinforced.	As required K-2 = 5 mins 3-6 = up to 10 mins	Teaching staff	Playground – documented wellbeing system Classroom – documented wellbeing system	
Detention Where students do not respond positively to the standards and expectations of the school and breach the Student Behaviour Code, a detention may be required. A detention will be used to apply a fair, reasonable and proportionate action. This may be a detention for an individual or group of students in a designated room or	Recess/lunch Max 15 mins K-2 Max 30 mins 3-6	Stage supervisor, DP or principal	Documented on wellbeing system	
area. Students will have access to food and toilet breaks. Reflection/support (if required) Structured one-to-one conversations.	As required	Supervisors, DP or principal	Documented on wellbeing	
Using relationships to foster restorative dialogues for teachable moments and to understand the impact of behaviour to self and others. Engage supports including the Learning and support team.	No more than 10 mins		system	

Review Dates

Last review: 28/11/2024

Next Review Date: Term 2, 2025

Appendix 1: Behaviour management flowchart



and/or revise behaviour plans.

Is suspension required for additional planning time? If so, consult with principal and LST

Is a mandatory report required? If so, consult with principal and MRG.

Appendix 2: Bullying Response Flowchart

1. Listen carefully and calmly, and document what the student tells you

Ensure a private place to talk. Do not dismiss their concerns or make them feel they are at fault. Listen to their account fully first and then ask them (and maybe others) questions to get more detail. Avoid the terms 'bully' or 'victim' and instead talk about the behaviour of everyone involved, including bystanders. Clarify if there are immediate safety risks and let the student know how you will address these. Write a record of the conversation.



2. Collect additional information

Ask for any evidence from the student. Speak with all students involved, including bystanders. Be alert to your legal responsibilities regarding evidence if the incident may constitute a crime. Keep records. Ensure you have information that answers who, what, where, when, how, why. Students' views on why bullying is happening can suggest ways the school can respond.



3. Discuss a plan of action with the students

Once you are confident you have a comprehensive picture of the situation, discuss a plan of action with the student/s. Refer to your school's policy in terms of expectations and implications.

Invite suggestions from students as appropriate.

Inform all students involved of your intention to inform their parents/guardians. Involve the parents and other caregivers in developing the plan of action, if appropriate.



4. Inform the students what you intend to do

Provide as much information as you can without violating the privacy of other students or parents. Also inform them about when you are planning to follow up with them after implementing the plan. Explain that you will look at immediate and short-term responses as well as other long term preventative measures or efforts to promote a positive school climate.



5. Provide suggestions about what to do if the bullying occurs again

Have information on hand to share with students or set up a meeting for them to talk about strategies with an appropriate staff member. If this is not viable (due to the nature of disclosure), refer to the appropriate guidelines and processes.



6. Set a date for follow up review/s

Bullying can require a sustained effort to prevent, particularly if situations are long standing. Reviews are critical to check in with students, and to ensure the school's efforts have not caused other problems or merely created a problem elsewhere.



7. Record the incident in school's data management system

School Bytes



Inform the Stage supervisor, Principal, Deputy Principal, school psychologist as per the school's process or behaviour plan.



9. Contact the parent/guardian about the incident and the plan of action

If parents/guardians have not yet been involved in the process of planning the course of action (Step 3), advise them of the incident and the resulting course of action, including referring to the school's policy and guidelines.

Refer parents to the responsible officer for further consultation if required.



10. Follow up with students over the next several weeks and months

It is essential to be alert to ongoing bullying, particularly the possibility that the bullying can 'reappear' in another form some time later.