NSW Department of Education



Holgate PS Behaviour Support and Management Plan

Overview

Holgate Public School is committed to explicitly teaching and modelling positive behaviour and to supporting all students to be engaged with their learning.

Our goal is to inspire every child to participate positively in the school community and beyond. We focus on ensuring every learner receives a high-quality education where all students learn, grow, and feel a sense of belonging. We focus on promoting excellence, opportunity and success for every student, every day. We value and strive to develop safe, respectful learners in a caring learning community.

Principles of positive behaviour support, inclusive practice, and social emotional learning underpin our daily practice. High expectations for student behaviour are established and maintained through effective role modelling, explicit teaching, and planned responses.

Holgate Public School rejects all forms of bullying behaviours, including online (or cyber) bullying by maintaining a commitment to providing a safe, inclusive, and respectful learning community that promotes student wellbeing. Staff are committed to establishing evidence-based approaches and strategies that promote a positive climate where bullying is less likely to occur.

All members of the school community are active participants in building a welcoming school culture that values diversity and fosters positive relationships. A key component of a supportive school culture is building respectful relationships and an ethos that bullying is not accepted, in both online and offline environments. School staff actively respond to student bullying behaviour.

Partnership with parents and carers

Holgate Public School will partner with parents/carers in establishing expectations for engagement in developing and implementing student behaviour management and antibullying strategies, by:

- inviting parent/carer and student feedback through formal and informal means, such as NSW Department of Education surveys, school surveys, consulting with the P & C and local AECG
- using concerns raised through complaints procedures to review school systems, data and practices.

Holgate Public School will communicate these expectations to parents/carers through the school newsletter and school website. Our school proactively builds collaborative relationships with families and communities to create a shared understanding of how to support student learning, safety and wellbeing.

Behaviour Code for Students

NSW public schools are committed to providing safe, supportive and responsive learning environments for everyone. We teach and model the behaviours we value in our students.

The Behaviour Code for Students can be found at

https://education.nsw.gov.au/policylibrary/policyprocedures/pd-2006-0316/pd-2006-0316-01. This document translated into multiple languages is available here: Behaviour code for students.

School-wide expectations and rules

Holgate Public School has the following school-wide expectations and rules:

Respect, Responsibility, Resilience

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	Respect	Responsibility	Resilience
All settings	Be polite Care For others Follow teacher directions	Hands and feet to self Take care of property Attend school every day	Use nice words Include Others Encourage Others Apologise if you do something wrong
Classroom	Follow directions Be polite Encourage others	Be organised – be ready Listen and allow others to learn Take turns Try your best	Use a growth mindset Ask for help Use feedback
COLA	Share the space Use nice words Follow teacher instructions	Put rubbish in bin Walk Sit and eat Keep stairs clear	Ask for help Consider others
Oval and Court	Take turns Share the space Follow teacher instructions	Play by the rules Wear your hat Move to lines when music starts	Play fairly Majority rules, accept what's happened Share equipment
Stairs	Walk to the left Move quietly Listen to instructions	Stay in lines Keep left Hands and feet to self	Wait your turn
Toilets	One in cubical at a time Give others privacy Shut the door	Keep toilets clean and tidy Wash hands Flush, wash and go	Wait your turn Go to toilet at break times
Canteen	Wait quietly Use nice words Say please and thank you	Put rubbish in bin Line up Shop and go	Only buy for yourself Wait your turn

	Respect	Responsibility	Resilience
Hall / Assembly	Listen to the speaker Clap at the right time Enter and Exit Silently	Follow teacher instructions Face the front Stand proud	Congratulate/encourage others Accept what's happened
Pathways / Transitions	Walk Keep left Quiet voice	Watch where you are going Stay in line Hands and feet to self	Follow the leader of the line Be efficient
Bus Lines	Wait quietly Listen and follow teacher instructions Use manners	Be on time Sit down	Board the bus one at a time
Library	Quiet voices Care for equipment Follow teacher directions	Eat before entry Keep library clean Pack up when leaving	Use nice words Include others
Office	Quiet voice Wait your turn Use manners	Straight there, straight back Bring a Sick Bay Pass Know your message	Use nice words Problem solve
Sandpit	Look after equipment Share equipment	Pack equipment away when music starts Keep sand in the sandpit	Use nice words Play together Take turns
Bottom Playground/ Fixed Equipment	Share equipment Wait your turn Help/encourage others	Use equipment properly Walk near equipment	Ask for help Play together Take turns
Class Lines	Wait for the teacher Follow instructions Quiet voice	Walk with your class in 2 lines Keep up with the class Stay in line Hands and feet to self	Follow the leaders Be efficient
Kiss & Drop/Arrival	Follow instructions Be on time	Place bag at COLA Sit quietly until teacher arrives Watch and wait inside the fence	Use nice words Ask for help
Year 6 Area	Follow instructions Quiet voice	Be visible Sit down Look after property and surroundings	Problem solve Ask for help Share the space

Whole school approach across the care continuum

Our school embeds student wellbeing and positive behaviour approaches and strategies in practices across the care continuum to promote positive behaviour and respond to behaviours of concern, including bullying and cyber-bullying behaviour.

These approaches and strategies are built on a foundation of evidence-based effective classroom practices that set the tone for engagement with learning and respectful relationships.

These practices include:

- stating and explicitly teaching classroom expectations
- establishing predictable routines and procedures that are communicated clearly to students
- encouraging expected behaviour with positive feedback and reinforcement
- discouraging inappropriate behaviour
- providing active supervision of students
- maximising opportunities for active engagement with learning
- providing carefully sequenced engaging lessons that provide options for student choice
- Differentiating learning content and tasks to meet the needs of all learners

Care Continuum	Strategy or Program	Details	Audience
Prevention	Positive relationships	Building positive relationships has the greatest impact on learning and behaviour. Positive relationships underpin all effective classroom management and behaviour support practices.	All
Prevention	Classroom expectations and rules	Class based systems of expectations, rules and positive reinforcements are co-developed with students in all classes K-6, based on the school-wide expectations	All classes K-6
Prevention	Class procedures and routines	Procedures form routines that help students meet the expectations stated in the rules. Routines are taught, regularly practised and consistently reinforced	All
Prevention	Teaching behavioural expectations: The Rising Star Program	The Rising Star program is a series of positive behaviour for learning lessons delivered throughout the year and repeated when necessary to explicitly teach the school expectations, rules, rights and responsibilities	All
Prevention	Active supervision	Students are always supervised when at school. Supervision occurs in the classroom and playground by moving, scanning and interacting with students.	Students and staff
Prevention	Curriculum delivery	Curriculum links, particularly in PDHPE, include respectful relationships and personal and social capability in all syllabuses	All students
Prevention	Differentiated teaching and learning	Teachers can differentiate: Content – what students learn Process – how students learn Product – what students produce Learning Environment	To respond to the diverse learning needs of all students

Care Continuum	Strategy or Program	Details	Audience
		In line with the Disability Standards for Education 2005, all staff:	
Prevention / Early Intervention	Inclusive Education Practice	 implement reasonable adjustments for students with disability to support them to participate in all aspects of school life, on the same basis as students without disability consult students and their parents or carers on reasonable adjustments support students with disability to access the curriculum through reasonable adjustments and personalised support implement strategies to prevent harassment, discrimination and victimisation of students with disability. 	Whole school community
Prevention	Recognition and acknowledgement systems	 Rising Stars (recorded in Class Dojo) in class Individual and class awards for reaching certain amounts of Rising Stars Positive portal messages home (2 per week) Merit Certificates Recognition in the newsletter House points Presentation Day awards Attendance awards Playground - Class of the Week 	All
Prevention	High Five Strategy	This universal strategy is used by students to manage inappropriate behaviour: 1. Stop. I don't like that 2. That's not allowed at our school 3. Ignore 4. Walk away (from the problem) 5. Talk to a teacher (get help)	All
Prevention/Early Intervention	ABC functional model of behaviour	The model that is used to describe and record the functions of student behaviour in terms of: Triggers Setting events Antecedents Behaviour Consequences	Staff
Prevention	The Anxiety Project	The Anxiety project supports students to understand their internal locus of control and be supported by adults to problem solve and have confidence in their own ability to manage situations. A series of 10 lesson delivered in Term 1 to teach students to understand, recognise, report and respond to anxiety	All classes K-6

Care Continuum	Strategy or Program	Details	Audience
Prevention	Bullying No Way Week	Our school participates in Bullying No Way Week in August each year.	Whole school community
Prevention	Anti-Racism Week	Scheduled to coincide with Harmony Day, students complete anti-racism lessons to develop skills needed to counter racism, prejudice, and discrimination.	All classes K-6
Prevention	Harmony Day	A whole school event planned annually on 21 March to celebrate Australian diversity and multiculturalism	Whole school community
Prevention	Anti-racism Contact Officer (ARCO)	 A trained ARCO is available to: Promote ani-racism education Support complaint handling Monitor incidents of racism 	Whole school community
Prevention	Child Protection Education	Teaching Child Protection is a mandatory part of the syllabus that cover three themes: Theme 1 Recognising abuse Theme 2 Power in relationships Theme 3 Protective strategies.	All classes K-6
Prevention	Healthy Harold Life Education	Annual lessons to promote promotes students' physical, social and emotional health and wellbeing.	All classes K-6
Prevention	Worry Woos Program	 Weekly lessons for Kindergarten students to help develop behaviour in five main areas: Self-awareness: Recognising emotions Self-management: Regulating emotions Social awareness: Taking the perspective of and empathising with others Establishing and maintaining relationships Making respectful choices about behaviour 	Kindergarten students
Prevention	Top Blokes	A group mentoring program for boys to increase resilience, empathy and respect for self and others delivered over 120 weeks by the Top Blokes Foundation	Year 6 boys
Prevention Early Intervention Targeted Individual	eSafety Commissioner Toolkit for Schools to prevent and respond to cyberbullying	The toolkit resources are categorised into four elements: Prepare, Engage, Educate and Respond. The resources are used to engage with the school community about creating and maintaining safe online environments to prevent cyberbullying incidents. The toolkit includes actions to report and manage cyberbullying incidents.	All
Prevention	Movement Breaks	Teachers integrate movement breaks throughout the day to improve concentration, self-regulation and self-management	All classes K-6
Prevention	HPGE Mentor	A HPGE mentor is available to support HPGE students and teachers. The Sport Coordinator	Individual HPGE students

Care Continuum	Strategy or Program	Details	Audience
		supports HPGE students in representative sport.	
Prevention	Internal transition programs	A whole school transition program occurs in Term 4 where students meet teachers and visit classrooms for the following year.	All students K- 6
		Other strategies for some students include social stories, review meetings with previous teachers, pre-school transition to school statements, access to LST files, and information exchange with external providers.	Students requiring transition support
Prevention	Kindy Orientation	Transition to school program offered in Term 4 to familiarise students and families with their new school and form connections prior to starting school	Pre-school students and families
Prevention	Transition to High School	A series of activities and events throughout years 5 and 6 designed in collaboration with Erina High School for students entering Year 7. Students are also offered extra transition visits on a needs basis.	Year 5 & 6 students moving into Year 7
Prevention	Morning assembly	Good news announcements and messages to start the day in a positive way	All
Prevention	Assembly weeks 3, 6, 9 of each term	Good news assemblies for K-6 students on Fridays every three weeks for awards, commendations, recognition	All
Prevention	Playground games – agreed rules	Students have agreed on standard rules for soccer and handball games in the playground	All
Prevention	Playground posters	A series of posters are displayed that describe games and activities that can be played in different areas of the school	All
Prevention	Peer Playground Buddies	Year 6 students act as Buddies. Buddies who play games and activities with younger students during recess and lunch breaks, developing positive relationships and acting as role models.	Year 6 buddies, available to all students
Prevention	Sports Shed	House captains distribute sports equipment during play breaks for students to use in the playground	Students K-6
Prevention	Lunchtime clubs	Lunchtime clubs are offered throughout the year as a playground alternative, e.g. Lego, chess, art, dance, gardening, yoga	Student choice
Prevention	Playground folders/bags	Duty teachers wear high vis vests and carry bags with emergency assistance cards, they carry a folder with playground tally sheets for playground class of the week	Duty teachers

Care Continuum	Strategy or Program	Details	Audience
Prevention	Playground games	Supervised playground games are available during recess and lunchtime as an alternative passive space to play – drawing, large dominoes, large connect four	Student choice
Prevention	Student voice	Student voice is led by the 4 school captains and a class representative from each class. Students participate in decision making about things that affect them.	School captains and class representatives
Early Intervention	Consistent and fair consequences (See Appendix 1 – Behaviour Management Flowchart)	Teachers respond consistently to inappropriate or unwanted behaviours using fair, logical, and predictable consequences and strategies such as: Corrective feedback Logical consequence Prompting - Use of proximity and body language Parallel cueing and planned ignoring Tactically ignoring Redirection Reteach Individual conference	All
Prevention Early Intervention Targeted Intervention	Learning and Support Team	The LST works with teachers, students and families to support students who require personalised learning and support.	Whole school community
Early Intervention Targeted Individual	Individual Education Plans (IEPs) and Personalised Learning and Support Plans (PlaSPs)	IEPs and PLaSPs include modified individual expectations and goals, adjustments to learning, accommodations, developed in consultation with parents / carers and reviewed regularly.	Individual students requiring additional support at school
Early Intervention Targeted Individual	School Counselling Service	School counselling staff support students by providing a psychological counselling, assessment and intervention service: • assess students with specific needs • work collaboratively with teachers and specialists • help families understand and manage their children's learning and mental health needs • liaise with external agencies and other mental health professionals to provide coordinated, wrap around support for individual students.	Individual students, accessed via Learning Support Team referral
Early Intervention	Social narratives	Brief, individualised descriptions of social situations, written in a story format using visual	Individual students

Care Continuum	Strategy or Program	Details	Audience
		aids such as pictures and cartoons to model the expected behaviour.	
Early Intervention / Targeted Individual	Visual schedules / timetables	Consistent visual schedules help all students to understand what is going on and the order of events. This can reduce anxiety. Schedules typically consist of movable cards depicting daily activities which are mounted with Velcro or blu-tac. Students can be involved in changing the cards, for example, by removing the card once the activity has finished.	Particularly useful for students with Audism Spectrum Disorder, but beneficial for all students
Early Intervention / Targeted Individual	Teacher directed time out	Time out is a planned strategy used as part of the whole school behaviour management system. A student is directed away from the classroom to time out with an executive member where the student can be monitored and supported to stop behaviours from being reinforced. Students reflect on their behaviours and discuss.	Individual students
Early Intervention / Targeted Individual	Restorative conversations	Paired with teacher-directed time out to give explicit instruction of replacement behaviours and personalised feedback to the student as they develop replacement behaviours.	Individual student after time out
Early Intervention / Targeted Individual	Zones of Regulation	Zones of Regulation is used to help students understand and control their emotional reactions to everyday events that might otherwise set in motion escalating reactions. The use of the zones helps students identify emotions and suggests alternative, positive ways of returning to a calm state.	Students requiring support to control their emotional reactions
Early Intervention	Self-regulation Training	Brain breaks, heavy work, Interception activities	Individual students
Early Intervention / Targeted Individual	Check In, Check Out	Students check in and check out with a teacher daily. Positively stated behavioural expectations and goals are set with points awarded. A Daily Progress Report helps teachers and students track progress throughout a set time.	Individual students who require additional support managing low- level disengaged behaviours
Early Intervention Targeted	Social skills intervention	Small, group explicit instruction can be planned for students with one or more social skills deficits, for example, cannot make/keep friends, uncooperative, responds inappropriately in certain situations.	Students not responding to Tier 1 school-wide supports, LaST.
Targeted Individual	Attendance support	The Attendance Team will convene a meeting with students, families and teachers to address barriers to improved attendance and set attendance goals.	Students whose attendance is of concern

Care Continuum	Strategy or Program	Details	Audience
Individual Intervention	Part-Day Exemption	Part day exemption provisions allow a student to attend school for a specific period of time on a temporary basis.	Individual students
Early Intervention / Targeted Individual	Individual behaviour support planning – <u>Behaviour</u> <u>Contract</u>	A behaviour contract is a positive-reinforcement intervention. The contract sets out the expectations of student and teacher (and sometimes parents) in carrying out the intervention plan. The student usually has input into the conditions for earning rewards, which makes them more likely to follow it. Behaviour contracts can take many forms. They may look like formal agreements, or they may be sticker charts.	For students who require support to change their behaviour
Early Intervention / Targeted Individual	Individual Behaviour Support Plan (BSP)	 A Behaviour Support Plan is developed in consultation with parents / carers. The plan: identifies the function of the behaviour of concern, known triggers, and known situations that make the behaviour more likely identifies new ways for the student to meet the same need and the adjustments required includes personalised goals and evidence-informed strategies to explicitly teach positive replacement behaviours and manage triggers 	Students who require support because they display difficult, challenging or disruptive behaviours. Students who have been bullied, or who have bullied others
Individual Intervention	Behaviour Response Plan	 Used when preventative support strategies are not working. Used to: Guide the actions of staff to respond consistently if the student behaviour has been triggered and is escalating. keep everyone safe Reinforce supports and strategies that are being explicitly taught to the student Features a description of each of the phases of the behaviour continuum – calm, agitation, acceleration, crisis, de-escalation, recovery; and strategies that adults will use to support the student and themselves at each phase. 	For individual students displayin behavoiurs that present an iminent or immediate danger to self or others
Individual Intervention	Risk Management Plan	Used when a student is in crisis. Focus is safety, risk reduction, crisis incident intervention, response and recovery. Features: Clear description of the severe behaviours of concern that may be present Current controls that are in place and working Step by step instructions to minimise risk and maximise safety	For individual students displaying behaviours that present an imminent or immediate danger to self or others.

Care Continuum	Strategy or Program	Details	Audience
		 Systems for reporting and recording incidents 	
Targeted	Functional Behaviour Assessment	Functional behaviour assessment helps to identify and understand form, function, context of behaviour so that additional programs and strategies can be put in place to address or support the problem behaviour.	Individual students or whole classes,
		 Form: the observable behaviour – what are they actually doing? 	where positive behaviour support
		 Function: the underlying cause - what is the goal of the behaviour? 	strategies are needed.
		 Context: the setting – where does it occur? What happens immediately before and after? 	
Targeted Individual	Team Around a School	The Team Around a School provides advice and support to teams within the school with:	
		 Professional learning Individual student plans Understanding disability Complex student needs and case support Suspension and behaviour Learning and Support Team development Policy Linking to external agencies 	Accessed when required, on a case by case basis
Individual Intervention	External Providers	Externally funded service providers are welcome at Holgate PS, at the principal's discretion, when the external service aligns with the student's personalised learning plan. An externally funded service delivered in school should support the student's participation in education and access to the curriculum.	Individual students requiring additional support at school
Early Intervention Targeted Individual	Communication with parents / carers	We work in partnership to select and implement early intervention strategies, behaviour contracts, behaviour support, behaviour response and risk management plans	All
Prevention	School Community Charter	The Department's School Community Charter outlines the responsibilities of parents, carers, educators and school staff in NSW public schools to ensure our learning environments are collaborative, supportive and cohesive.	Parents, carers, educators and school staff
Prevention	Communicating with the school	A guide is published annually for parents and carers to know who to contact for concerns, complaints and compliments.	Parents and community

Care Continuum	Strategy or Program	Details	Audience
Prevention Early Intervention Targeted Individual	Professional Learning	 Staff have access to resources and PL, including: Universal Positive Behaviour Support @ Holgate PS Guide Classroom Management Fundamentals Understanding behaviour support planning Disability and additional learning and support Evidence-based practices for students with disability Inclusive Practice Hub How do I plan for behaviour support? (nsw.gov.au) 	

Planned responses to positive appropriate behaviour, inappropriate behaviour and behaviours of concern, including bullying and cyber-bullying

Planned responses to behaviour that does not meet school expectations are either teacher or executive managed. Staff use their professional judgement in deciding whether a behaviour is teacher managed or executive managed. They should consider whether the behaviour poses a risk to the safety or wellbeing of the student or others.

A behaviour of concern is challenging, complex or unsafe behaviour that requires more persistent and intensive interventions. A behaviour of concern does not include low-level inappropriate or developmentally appropriate behaviour. See Appendix 1.

- **Teacher managed** low level inappropriate behaviour is managed by teachers in the classroom and the playground.
- Executive managed behaviour of concern is managed by school executive.

Corrective responses are recorded School Bytes Wellbeing system.

These include:

Classroom	Non-classroom setting
rule reminder	rule reminder
• re-direct	• re-direct
offer choice	offer choice
error correction	error correction
• prompts	• prompts
reteach	• reteach
seat change	play or playground re-direction
stay in at break to discuss/ complete work	walk with teacher reflection and restorative practices
• conference	communication with parent/carer
reflection and restorative practices	
communication with parent/carer	

Holgate Public School staff model, explicitly teach, recognise and reinforce positive student behaviour and behavioural expectations.

We acknowledge that not all students are encouraged by the same thing or in the same ways. Younger students may be more motivated by adult attention while older students are typically more motivated by peer attention, activities, privileges, or freedom. When learning new skills, students need immediate and frequent reinforcement and as they develop mastery they respond to intermittent and long-term reinforcement to maintain their social behavioural efforts.

The use of verbal and non-verbal specific positive feedback is the most powerful way to:

- help adults and learners to focus on positive social behaviour
- increase the likelihood that students will use the expected behaviours and skills in the future
- decrease unexpected behaviour and reduce the need for corrective responses
- enhance self-esteem and build an internal focus of control.

Prevention	Early Intervention	Targeted/Individualised	
Responses to recognise and reinforce positive, inclusive and safe behaviour	Responses to minor inappropriate behaviour	Responses to behaviours of concern	
1. Behaviour expectations are taught and referred to regularly. Teachers model behaviours and provide opportunities for practice. Students are acknowledged for meeting school-wide expectations and rules	1. Refer to school-wide expectations and/or emotional regulation visuals and/or supports so that the student can self-regulate	1. Contact office to seek help from executive straight away if there is a risk. Otherwise notify student's stage supervisor or executive ASAP and before the end of the school day.	
Verbal and non-verbal specific positive feedback is paired with a positive, tangible reinforcer in a school-wide continuum for acknowledging expected behaviour.	Use indirect responses including proximity, signals, non-verbal cues, ignore, attend, praise, redirect with specific corrective feedback.	2. Executive/CT to take immediate steps to restore safety and return the situation to calm by using appropriate strategies such as: redirecting to another area or activity, providing reassurance, or offering choices. Incident review and planning is scheduled for a later time, determined by the context and nature of the incident.	
3. Tangible reinforcers include those that are: free and frequent moderate and intermittent significant and infrequent	3. Use direct responses e.g. rule reminder, re-teach, provide choice, scripted interventions, student conference. Students have an opportunity to meet the classroom/playground behaviour expectation before low-level consequence is applied.	3. Executive collects information and reviews the incident from multiple perspectives to determine next steps. Executive to record incident on Behaviour / wellbeing ITD system and contact parent/carer by email or phone. Executive/principal may consider further action e.g., formal caution or suspension.	
4. Social emotional learning lessons are taught	4. Teacher records on School Bytes system by the end of the school day. Monitor and inform family if repeated.	4. Refer to the school's Learning and Support Team considering current and previous behaviour data. Other actions may include completing a risk assessment and/or collaboratively developing a behaviour support/response plan.	
Teacher/parent contact	Teacher/parent contact	Teacher/parent contact	
Weekly behaviour communication card and teacher contact through phone calls home are used to communicate student effort to meet expectations. Recognition	Teacher contacts parents by phone or email when a range of corrective responses have not been successful. Individual planning and referral to	Parent/carer contact is made by school executive to discuss any support and behaviour responses, including referral to the LST, school counsellor, outside	
awards for positive individual and class behaviour are given at fortnightly school assemblies.	Learning Support Team may be discussed.	agencies or Team Around a School.	

Responses to serious behaviours of concern

Responses for serious behaviours of concern, including students who display bullying behaviour, are recorded on School Bytes. These may include:

- review and document incident
- determine appropriate response/s, including supports for staff or other students impacted
- refer/monitor the student through the school learning and support team
- develop or review individual student support planning, including teaching positive replacement behaviour and making learning and environmental adjustments
- detention, reflection and restorative practices (listed below)
- liaise with Team Around a School for additional support or advice
- communication and collaboration with parents/carers (phone, email, parent portal, meeting)
- formal caution to suspend, suspension or expulsion.

The NSW Department of Education Student <u>Behaviour policy</u> and <u>Suspension and Expulsion Procedures</u> apply to all NSW public schools.

Responses to all behaviours of concern apply to student behaviour that occurs:

- at school
- on the way to and from school
- on school-endorsed activities that are off-site
- outside school hours and off school premises where there is a clear and close connection between the school and students' conduct
- when using social media, mobile devices and/or other technology involving another student or staff member.

Students or parents can report bullying to any staff member. NSW public school principals have the authority to take disciplinary action to address student behaviours that occur outside of school hours or school grounds, including cyberbullying. Students who have been bullied will be offered appropriate support, for example through the school counselling service.

Reporting and recording behaviours of concern

Staff will comply with reporting and responding processes outlined in the:

- Incident Notification and Response Policy
- Incident Notification and Response Procedures
- Student Behaviour policy and Suspension and Expulsion procedures.

Detention, reflection and restorative practices

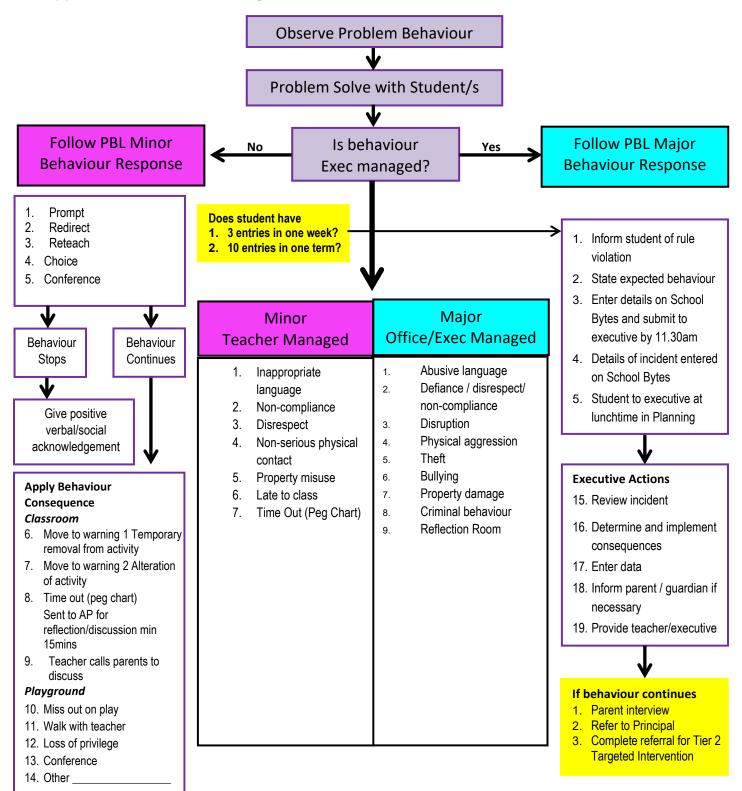
Toilet and food breaks are always included when withdrawal from free choice play at either break is planned as a response to behaviour. The maximum length of time will be appropriate to the age/development level of the student.

Strategy	When and how long?	Who coordinates?	How are these recorded?
Self-directed time out in a pre-arranged area used by the student to self-regulate.	Within an agreed timeframe as part of their plan.	The student is able to move freely and between spaces and can be seen by the teacher at all times.	The use of this space is a planned strategy identified in the student's individual planning.
Restorative Practice conference	Maximum 15 minutes per break	Assistant Principal	Documented in School Bytes
Teacher-directed time out	Shortest time possible maximum 15mins	Student is monitored by the Assistant Principal	Part of school-wide behaviour strategy, documented in School Bytes
Alternate play plan – withdrawal from free choice play and re-allocation to office or classroom for supervised play following breach in behaviour. The purpose is to assist the student to achieve the desired behaviour, to reflect on their behaviour and make positive choices – individual or group.	Next break	Assistant Principal	Documented in School Bytes
Structured debriefing and planning after a crisis event or behaviour of concern with an individual student (reflection)	Next day at either lunch or recess break	Assistant Principal	Documented in School Bytes

Review dates

Last review date: Day 1, Term 1, 2025] Next review date: Day 1, Term 1, 2026]

Appendix 1: Behaviour management flowchart



Teacher enters information about minor incident on School bytes.

No Exec action required

Response to ALL student
misbehaviour is:
Calm Consistent Brief
Immediate Respectful Private

Appendix 2: Bullying Response Flowchart

Bullying behaviour has three key features. It involves the intentional misuse of power in a relationship. It is ongoing and repeated, and it involves behaviours that can cause harm.

The following flowchart explains the actions Holgate Public School staff will take when they receive a report about student bullying, including bullying which may have occurred online or outside of the school setting. The timeframes will vary depending on the professional judgment of staff who receive the bullying complaint and their assessment of immediate risk to student/s.

First hour: Listen

- Provide a safe, quiet space to talk and reassure the student that you will listen to them
- Let them share their experience and feelings without interruption
- As a mandatory reporter, if you hold immediate concerns for the student's safety, let the student know how you will address these. Immediate in this circumstance is where the staff member believes he student is likely to experience harm (from others or self) within the next 24 hours.

Day 1: Document

- Ask the student for examples they have of the alleged bullying (e.g. hand written notes or screenshots)
- · Write a record of communication with the student and check with the student to ensure you have the facts correct
- Enter the record in School Bytes
- Notify school executive of incident if required in line with behavoiur management flowchart
- Notify parent/s that the issue of concern is being investigated

Day 2: Collect

- Gather additional information from other students, staff or family
- Review any previous reports or records for students involved
- Make sure you can answer who, what, where, when and how
- Clarify informaiton with student and chec on their wellbeing

Day 3: Discuss

- Evaluate the information to determin if it meets the definition of bullying (see above)
- Make a time to meet with the student to discuss next steps
- Ask the student what hey believe will help address the situation
- Engage the student as part of the solution
- Provide the student and parent with information about student support network
- · Agree to a plan of action and timeline for the student, parent and yourself (behaviour card, to check in daily)

Day 4:

- Document the plan of action
- Complete all actions agreed with student and parent within agreed timeframes
- Monitor student and check in regularly on their wellbeing
- Seek assistance from student support network if needed

Day 5:

- Meet with the student to review situation
- Discuss what has changed, improved or worsened
- Explore other options for strengthening student wellbeing or safety
- Report back to praent
- Record outcomes in School Bytes

Ongoing follov

- Continue to check in with tstudent on regular basis until concerns have been mitigated
- Record notes of follow-up meetings in School Bytes
- Refer matter to the Learning and Support Team within 48 hours if the situation is not resolved
- Look for opportunities to improve school wellbeing for all students