NSW Department of Education



School Behaviour Support and Management Plan

Overview

At Emu Plains Public School, we aspire to cultivate an inclusive and supportive learning community where every student is celebrated and empowered to be the best version of themselves. Our vision is to inspire curiosity and a lifelong love of learning, allowing students to explore knowledge with confidence and enthusiasm.

We are committed to nurturing self-determined learners who thrive in a harmonious and respectful environment, fostering strong wellbeing and emotional regulation. We believe in setting high expectations for ourselves and our students, promoting resilience, kindness, and a sense of belonging that encourages each individual to take pride in their unique contributions and ensures every learner feels valued.

Together, at Emu Plains Public School, we will inspire our students to seek knowledge, embrace challenges, and grow into resilient leaders who contribute positively to our world.

Partnership with parents and carers

Emu Plains Public School will partner with parents/carers in establishing expectations for engagement in developing and implementing student behaviour management and antibullying strategies, by:

- inviting parent/carer and student feedback through formal and informal means, such as Tell Them From Me surveys, school surveys, consulting with key stakeholders and local AECG
- using concerns raised through complaints procedures to review school systems, data and practices.

Emu Plains Public School will communicate these expectations to parents/carers through the school newsletter and school website. Our school proactively builds collaborative relationships with families and communities to create a shared understanding of how to support student learning, safety and wellbeing.

School-wide expectations and rules

Emu Plains Public School has the following expectations of our school community:

We are safe, we are respectful, we are learners.

Safe	Respectful	Learner
Follow teacher instructions	Follow teacher instructions	Follow teacher instructions
Right place, right time, right thing	Play fair, share and take turns	Be prepared
Keep hands and feet to self	Use manners	Support others and do your best
	Listen to others	Ask for help, use feedback

Behaviour Code for Students

NSW public schools are committed to providing safe, supportive and responsive learning environments for everyone. We teach and model the behaviours we value in our students.

The Behaviour Code for Students can be found at <u>Behaviour code for students</u> This document translated into multiple languages is available here: <u>Behaviour code for students in multiple</u> languages.

Whole school approach across the care continuum

Our school embeds student wellbeing and positive behaviour approaches and strategies in practices across the care continuum to promote positive behaviour and respond to behaviours of concern, including bullying and cyber-bullying behaviour.

These approaches and strategies are built on a foundation of evidence-based effective classroom practices that set the tone for engagement with learning and respectful relationships. These practices include:

- stating and explicitly teaching classroom expectations
- establishing predictable routines and procedures that are communicated clearly to students
- encouraging expected behaviour with positive feedback and reinforcement
- discouraging inappropriate behaviour
- providing active supervision of students
- maximising opportunities for active engagement with learning
- providing carefully sequenced engaging lessons that provide options for student choice
- differentiating learning content and tasks to meet the needs of all learners.

Care Continuum	Strategy or Program	Details	Audience
Prevention	Wellbeing Routines	This involves teaching children routines to help establish structure, fosters a sense of security, and promotes positive behaviour. Routines enhance focus, support learning, and build independence.	All
Prevention	Zones of Regulation	The Zone of Regulation is a framework used in schools to help students understand and manage their emotions, enabling them to achieve self-regulation and improve their social interactions. It categorises emotions into four coloured zones: Blue Zone (low energy and down feelings), Green Zone (calm and ready to learn), Yellow Zone (heightened emotions and loss of control), and Red Zone (extreme emotions and out-of-control behaviour).	All

Care Continuum	Strategy or Program	Details	Audience
Prevention	<u>Child</u> <u>Protection</u>	Teaching child protection education is a mandatory part of the syllabus.	Students K-6
Prevention/ Early Intervention/ Targeted/ Individual	Australian eSafety Commissioner Toolkit for Schools to prevent and respond to cyberbullying	The toolkit resources are categorised into four elements: Prepare, Engage, Educate and Respond. The resources are used to engage with the school community about creating and maintaining safe online environments to prevent cyberbullying incidents. The toolkit includes actions to report and manage cyberbullying incidents.	All
Early intervention	PBL	Positive Behaviour for Learning, Schoolwide and classroom systems of support that brings together the whole school community to contribute to developing a positive, safe and supportive learning culture.	Whole school
Targeted intervention	Learning and Support	The Learning and Support team work with teachers, students and families to support those students who require personalised learning and support. Including instructional leadership, development of risk assessments and the development of short and long term goals.	Individual students, families, staff
Targeted/ Individual intervention	Attendance support	The Class Teacher will refer students to the LST, who will convene a planning meeting with students, families and teachers to address barriers to improved attendance and set growth goals.	Individual students, attendance co- ordinator.
Individual intervention	Individual behaviour support planning	This may include developing, implementing, monitoring and reviewing: behaviour support, behaviour response and risk management plans.	Individual students, parent/carer, LAST, AP

Planned responses to positive appropriate behaviour, inappropriate behaviour and behaviours of concern, including bullying and cyber-bullying

Identifying behaviour of concern, including bullying and cyberbullying

A behaviour of concern is challenging, complex or unsafe behaviour that requires more persistent and intensive interventions. A behaviour of concern does not include low-level inappropriate or developmentally appropriate behaviour. Bullying behaviour involves the intentional misuse of power

in a relationship, is ongoing and repeated and involves behaviour that can cause harm. See Appendix 1.

Emu Plains Public School staff will staff will identify inappropriate behaviour and behaviours of concern, including bullying and cyber-bullying through a range of channels, for example:

- directly observing a student's behaviours, interactions, verbal communications, or work produced (such as written materials, performances or artworks)
- a person disclosing information that is not previously known, either because it is new information or because it has been kept a secret
- concerns raised by a parent, community member or agency.

Students or parents can report bullying to any staff member. NSW public school principals have the authority to take disciplinary action to address student behaviours that occur outside of school hours or school grounds, including cyberbullying. Students who have been bullied will be offered appropriate support, for example through the school counselling service.

Responses to all behaviours of concern apply to student behaviour that occurs:

- at school
- on the way to and from school
- on school-endorsed activities that are off-site
- outside school hours and off school premises where there is a clear and close connection between the school and students' conduct
- when using social media, mobile devices and/or other technology involving another student or staff member.

Preventing and responding to behaviours of concern

Planned responses to behaviour that does not meet school expectations are either teacher or executive managed. Staff use their professional judgement in deciding whether a behaviour is teacher managed or executive managed. They should consider whether the behaviour poses a risk to the safety or wellbeing of the student or others.

- **Teacher managed** low level inappropriate behaviour is managed by teachers in the classroom and the playground.
- Executive managed behaviour of concern is managed by school executive.

Corrective responses are recorded on Behaviour / wellbeing ITD system. These include:

Classroom	Non-classroom setting	
 rule reminder re-direct offer choice error correction prompts reteach seat change stay in at break to discuss/ complete work conference reflection and restorative practices communication with parent/carer. 	 rule reminder re-direct offer choice error correction prompts reteach play or playground re-direction walk with teacher reflection and restorative practices communication with parent/carer. 	

Emu Plains Public School staff model, explicitly teach, recognise and reinforce positive student behaviour and behavioural expectations. Zones of Regulation consists of evidence-based strategies used daily by teachers to teach self-regulation, reduce impulsivity, increase focus and strengthen peer networks.

We acknowledge that not all students are encouraged by the same thing or in the same ways. Younger students may be more motivated by adult attention while older students are typically more motivated by peer attention, activities, privileges, or freedom. When learning new skills, students need immediate and frequent reinforcement and as they develop mastery they respond to intermittent and long-term reinforcement to maintain their social behavioural efforts.

The use of verbal and non-verbal specific positive feedback is the most powerful way to:

- help adults and learners to focus on positive social behaviour
- increase the likelihood that students will use the expected behaviours and skills in the future
- decrease unexpected behaviour and reduce the need for corrective responses
- enhance self-esteem and build an internal focus of control.

[Add as many lines as required to communicate the strategies and responses for student behaviour. The table below is optional. Appendix 1 presents an example of an alternative option. Refer to Appendix 2 for an optional bullying response flowchart that school can modify]

Prevention	Early Intervention	Targeted/Individualised
Responses to recognise and reinforce positive, inclusive and safe behaviour	Responses to minor inappropriate behaviour	Responses to behaviours of concern
1. Behaviour expectations are taught and referred to regularly. Teachers model behaviours and provide opportunities for practice. Students are acknowledged for meeting school-wide expectations and rules.	1. Refer to school-wide expectations and/or emotional regulation visuals and/or supports so that the student can self-regulate.	1. Contact office to seek help from executive straight away if there is a risk. Otherwise notify student's stage supervisor or executive ASAP and before the end of the school day.
2. Verbal and non-verbal specific positive feedback is paired with a positive, tangible reinforcer in a school-wide continuum for acknowledging expected behaviour.	2. Use indirect responses including proximity, signals, nonverbal cues, ignore, attend, praise, redirect with specific corrective feedback.	2. Executive/CT to take immediate steps to restore safety and return the situation to calm by using appropriate strategies such as: redirecting to another area or activity, providing reassurance or offering choices. Incident review and planning is scheduled for a later time, determined by the context and nature of the incident.
3. Tangible reinforcers include those that are: free and frequent moderate and intermittent significant and infrequent	3. Use direct responses e.g. rule reminder, re-teach, provide choice, scripted interventions, student conference. Students have an opportunity to meet the classroom/playground behaviour expectation before low-level consequence is applied.	3. Executive collects information and reviews the incident from multiple perspectives to determine next steps. Executive to record incident on Behaviour / wellbeing ITD system and contact parent/carer by email or phone. Executive/principal may consider

Intermittent and infrequent reinforcers are recorded on Behaviour / wellbeing ITD system.		further action e.g., formal caution or suspension.
4. Social emotional learning lessons are taught (Wellbeing lessons and Zones of Regulations) weekly.	4. Teacher records on Behaviour / wellbeing ITD system by the end of the school day. Monitor and inform family if repeated. For some incidents, referral is made to the school's anti-racism contact officer (ARCO) or anti-bullying co-ordinator.	4. Refer to the school's Learning and Support Team considering current and previous behaviour data. Other actions may include completing a risk assessment and/or collaboratively developing a behaviour support/response plan.
Teacher/parent contact	Teacher/parent contact	Teacher/parent contact
Teacher contact through the parent portal or phone calls home are used to communicate student effort to meet expectations. Recognition awards for positive individual and class behaviour are given at fortnightly school assemblies and through the school's award systems.	Teacher contacts parents by phone or email when a range of corrective responses have not been successful. Individual planning and referral to Learning Support Team may be discussed.	Parent/carer contact is made by school executive to discuss any support and behaviour responses, including referral to the LST, school counsellor, outside agencies or Team Around a School.

Responses to serious behaviours of concern

Responses for serious behaviours of concern, including students who display bullying behaviour, are recorded on Behaviour / wellbeing ITD system. These may include:

- review and document incident
- determine appropriate response/s, including supports for staff or other students impacted
- refer/monitor the student through the school learning and support team
- develop or review individual student support planning, including teaching positive replacement behaviour and making learning and environmental adjustments
- detention, reflection and restorative practices (listed below)
- liaise with Team Around a School for additional support or advice
- communication and collaboration with parents/carers (phone, email, parent portal, meeting)
- formal caution to suspend, suspension or expulsion.
- The NSW Department of Education <u>Student Behaviour policy</u> and <u>Suspension and Expulsion</u> procedures apply to all NSW public schools.
- Responses to all behaviours of concern apply to student behaviour that occurs:
 - at school
 - on the way to and from school
 - on school-endorsed activities that are off-site
 - outside school hours and off school premises where there is a clear and close connection between the school and students' conduct
 - when using social media, mobile devices and/or other technology involving another student or staff member.

Reporting and recording behaviours of concern

Staff will comply with reporting and responding processes outlined in the:

- Incident Notification and Response Policy
- Incident Notification and Response Procedures
- Student Behaviour policy and Suspension and Expulsion procedures.

Detention, reflection and restorative practices

Toilet and food breaks are always included when withdrawal from free choice play at either break is planned as a response to behaviour. The maximum length of time will be appropriate to the age/developmental level of the student.

Strategy	When and how long?	Who coordinates?	How are these recorded?
Reflection room – a structured debriefing and planning after a crisis event or behaviour of concern with an individual student (reflection)	Next appropriate break following incident	Assistant Principal	Documented in Sentral
Alternate play plan – withdrawal from free choice play and re-allocation to office for supervised play following breach in behaviour. The purpose is to assist the student to achieve the desired behaviour, to reflect on their behaviour and make positive choices – individual or group	Next appropriate break following incident	Assistant Principal	Documented in Sentral
Restorative practice – peer mediation or circles in groups	Scheduled for either lunch or recess break	Classroom Teacher or Assistant Principal	Documented in Sentral

Review dates

Last review date: 30 January 2025

Next review date:

Appendix 1: Behaviour management flowchart (Alternative example)



Emu Plains Public School Discipline Procedures



MINOR BEHAVIOURS				
	Defiance/Non Compliance/Disobedience			
	Disruption			
	Inappropriate Verbal Language			
	Tardiness			
Insolence				
Inappropriate use of school resources				
	Out of Bounds			
Antagonist Behaviour				
	Unsafe Play			
	Inappropriate Behaviour			

Playground
Action From Teacher on Duty:
Positive Prompt (refer to matrix)
Verbal Warning
Second Warning
Time-out/Walk with the teacher
If student refuses to follow school expectations
(see below).

Contact executive for support

- Executive to review repetitive behaviours
- Minimise harm to student/s

Classroom
Action from Classroom Teacher:
Positive Prompt (refer to matrix)
Verbal Warning
Second Warning
Time-out (Reflection Sheet)
Send student to Peer Class
If student refuses to follow school expectations (see below).

Contact executive for support

(Progress to Major)

- Executive to review weekly repetitive behaviours
- Minimise harm to student/s

MAJOR BEHAVIOURS		
Continued Defiance	Harassment/Bullying	
Inappropriate Physical Contact	Absconding	
Violence/Fighting	Theft/Stealing	
Misuse of Equipment	Vandalism/Damaging Property	
Swearing/Inappropriate Language	Disrespectful Language	
Threats/Intimidation	Weapon	
Verbal Abuse	Banned Substances/Alcohol/Tobacco/Drugs	
Racism	Other	

Class teacher to:

Send children involved in the incident to the office for first aid

Investigate incident and gather written witness statements

Contact parents/caregivers

Consider referral or re-referral to Learning Support Team

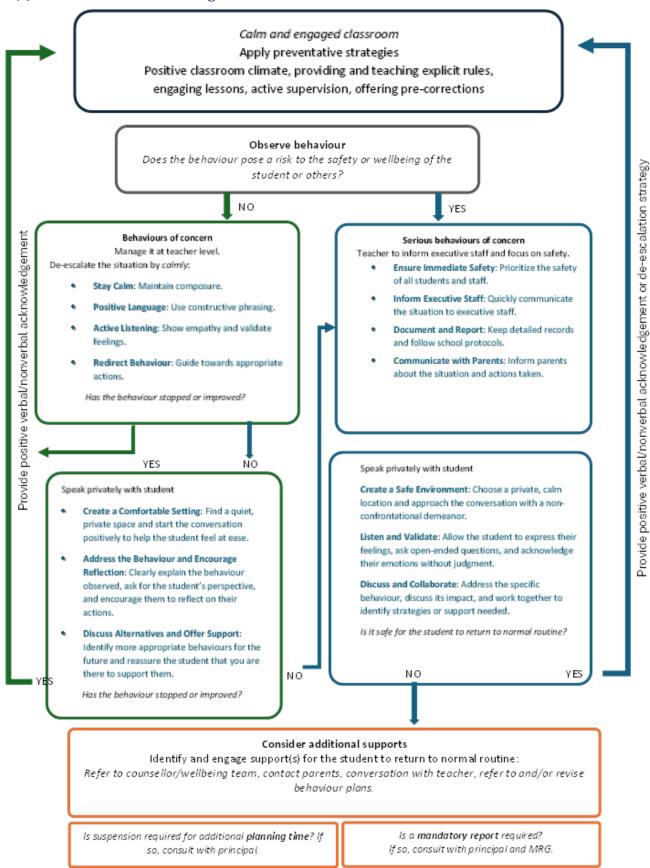
Inform Exec who could:

Discuss positive behaviour expectations in Reflection Room (reflection sheet) and letter sent home Issue behaviour management check in card (Behaviour Management Plan)

- Issue a warning of suspension letter
- Issue a suspension

POSITIVE BEHAVIOURS		
Positive Acknowledgement/Feedback		
Eddies		
Smile/praise/Thumbs up		
Stickers/Stamp		
Table Points		
Classroom reward system		
Sharing success with other staff		
CONGRATULATE		
Teacher Awards		
Merit Awards		
School Award System		

Appendix 1: Behaviour management flowchart



Appendix 2: Bullying Response Flowchart

First hour: Listen

- •Identify bullying behaviour, including cyber-bullying
- •Provide a safe, quiet space to talk and reassure the student that you will listen to them
- •Let them share their experience and feelings without interruption
- •As a mandatory reporter, if you hold immediate concerns for the student's safety, let the student know how you will address these. Immediate in this circumstance is where the staff member believes the student is likely to experience harm (from others or self) within the next 24 hours.

Day 1: Document

- Ask the student for examples they have of the alleged bullying (e.g. hand written notes or screenshots)
- •Write a record of your communication with the student and check with the student to ensure you have the facts correct
- •Enter the record in Sentral
- Notify school executive of incident if required in line with behaviour management flowchart
- Notify parent/s that the issue of concern is being investigated

Day 2: Collect

- •Gather additional information from other students, staff or family
- •Review any previous reports or records for students involved
- •Make sure you can answer who, what, where, when and how
- •Clarify information with student and check on their wellbeing

Day 3: Discuss

- •Evaluate the information to determine if it meets the definition of bullying (see above)
- •Make a time to meet with the student to discuss next steps
- •Ask the student what they believe will help address the situation
- •Engage the student as part of the solution
- •Provide the student and parent with information about student support network
- •Agree to a plan of action and timeline for the student, parent and yourself

Day 4: Implement

- •Document the plan of action
- •Complete all actions agreed with student and parent within agreed timeframes
- •Monitor student and check in regularly on their wellbeing
- •Seek assistance from student support network if needed

Day 5: Review

- •Meet with the student to review situation
- Discuss what has changed, improved or worsened
- •Explore other options for strengthening student wellbeing or safety
- •Report back to parent
- •Record outcomes in Sentral

Ongoing follow-up

- •Continue to check in with student on regular basis until concerns have been mitigated
- •Record notes of follow-up meetings
- •Refer matter to the Learning and Support Team within 48 hours if the situation is not resolved
- •Look for opportunities to improve school wellbeing for all students